Guard-house.

Proviso: convicts sentenced to town work.

Fines, penalties and costs to be worked out.

Mayor constituted special court.

Jurisdiction.

Concurrent jurisdiction.

No cause to be removed from mayor.

Proviso: fees.

Sec. 9. That the said commissioners may build or establish a guard-house in which to secure or confine offenders for violations against the town ordinances, and for feeding such offenders so confined, the officer having charge of the same shall be allowed such compensation as is allowed to the Sheriff of Beaufort County; but persons committed for violation of the law of the State shall be imprisoned in the county jail of Beaufort County: Provided, that in case a defendant or other person is adjudged to be confined in the guard-house, it shall be competent for the mayor to adjudge also that such person shall work upon the public streets or works of the town during the period of such confinement; and, in case such confinement be for the non-payment of the fines, penalties or costs, such person so confined shall have credit thereon at the rate of one dollar per day for every day during which he shall so work upon the public streets or other works of the town, and in that case the cost of feeding and other necessary expenses of such period [person] during the period of confinement shall be taxed as a part of the costs to be paid.

SEC. 10. That the Mayor of Pinetown is hereby constituted a special court, to be known as the Mayor's Court, with exclusive original jurisdiction over all offenses arising from the violation of the ordinances, by-laws, rules and regulations adopted and made in pursuance of this act, with concurrent jurisdiction, power and authority which are now or hereafter may be given to a justice of the peace for the trial and determination of such civil and criminal causes as may arise within the corporate limits of said town, under the general laws of North Carolina, and to that end he may issue his summons or other process, and if criminal have the party brought before him, hear, determine and give judgment thereon; issue execution, impose fines, penalties and forfeitures as the case may be, and direct the enforcement thereof, subject to the limitations of this act as to the amount of such penalties, and subject also to the same right of appeal as is provided for from courts of justices of the peace: Provided, that no cause arising upon the violation of any of the provisions of this charter, or of any ordinance, rule and regulation adopted or made in pursuance hereof, shall be removed from the Mayor's Court to a justice of the peace for trial, but all causes on which the said Mayor's Court may have concurrent jurisdiction, as above provided, or arising under the general laws of North Carolina, may be so removed: Provided further, that the Mayor's Court shall be entitled and have power to collect and receive for the issuance of all process and the trial and disposition of causes the same fees and all other fees which a justice of the peace is or may be authorized to collect and receive, as a part of the costs in any case which may come before him or of which he may have jurisdiction, and the same shall be paid to the mayor